HONORABLE JAMES L. ROBART 1 2 3 4 5 6 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 7 FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE 8 MICROSOFT CORPORATION, 9 No. C10-1823-JLR Plaintiff, 10 MICROSOFT'S 10/4/12 MOTION TO v. FILE DOCUMENTS UNDER SEAL 11 MOTOROLA, INC., et al., 12 **NOTED FOR:** Defendants. Friday, October 12, 2012 13 MOTOROLA MOBILITY, INC., et al., 14 Plaintiffs. 15 v. 16 MICROSOFT CORPORATION, 17 Defendant. 18 I. RELIEF REQUESTED 19 Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 5(g) and paragraphs 2(a) and 8 of the protective order 20 entered in this case, Microsoft respectfully seeks leave to file under seal the following 21 documents: 22 Exhibits 1-12, and 14-16 to the Declaration of Christopher Wion in Support of (1) 23 Microsoft's Motions in Limine; 24 (2) Microsoft's Motions in Limine; and 25 Microsoft's Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law. (3) No. C10-1823 MICROSOFT'S 10/4/12 MOTION TO FILE DOCUMENTS UNDER SEAL - 1

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Microsoft seeks to file the foregoing materials under seal because they contain information that has been identified by Microsoft, Motorola, and/or third parties as confidential business information under the terms of the protective order issued in this case.

For these reasons, and as more fully described below, good cause exists for protecting the confidentiality of these documents. Microsoft respectfully requests permission to file the above-referenced documents under seal and that the Court direct such documents to remain under seal. Microsoft is filing redacted versions of its Motions *in Limine* and its Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law as part of the public record.

II. FACTS & AUTHORITY

A. The Operative Protective Order and Applicable Court Rules Permit Microsoft to File Confidential Information under Seal.

Pursuant to the Protective Order issued by the Court on July 21, 2011, as amended by Order dated October 3, 2012, Microsoft is permitted to file materials designated by either party as Confidential Business Information¹ under seal, with such documents to remain under seal upon Court approval. Paragraphs 2(a) and 8 of the Protective Order govern the filing of documents under seal. Paragraph 2(a) provides:

Any information submitted in pre-trial discovery or in a pleading, motion, or response to a motion in this action, either voluntarily or pursuant to order, and which is asserted by a supplier to contain or constitute Confidential Business Information shall be so designated by such supplier in writing...and shall be segregated from other information being submitted. Documents shall be clearly and prominently marked on their face with the legend: "[SUPPLIER'S NAME] CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION, SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER" or a comparable notice. During the pre-trial phase of this action, such information, whether submitted in writing or in oral testimony, shall be disclosed only *in camera* before the Court and shall be filed only under

¹ "Confidential Business Information" is defined in the parties' Protective Order as "information which has not been made public and which concerns or relates to the trade secrets, processes, operations, style of work, or apparatus, or to the production, sales, shipments, purchases, transfers, identification of customers, inventories, amounts or source of any income, profits, losses, or expenditures." Protective Order Regarding the Disclosure and Use of Discovery Materials (ECF No. 72), ¶1 (amended by Order dated October 3, 2012 (ECF No. 447)).

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seal, pursuant to Rule 5(g) of the Local Civil Rules of the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington.

Paragraph 8 likewise provides that:

Any Confidential Business Information submitted to the Court in connection with a motion or other proceeding within the purview of this action shall be submitted under seal pursuant to paragraph 2 above.

Id., at ¶ 8.

The Federal Rules of Civil Procedure recognize that courts may permit parties to file "trade secrets or other confidential research, development, or commercial information" under seal. Rule 26(c)(1)(G) and (H). District courts "are in the best position to weigh the fairly competing needs and interests of the parties affected by discovery," in crafting the appropriate treatment of documents for which protected treatment is requested. Seattle Times Co. v. Rhinehart, 467 U.S. 20, 36, 104 S. Ct. 2199 (1984); see also Phillips v. General Motors Corp., 307 F.3d 1206, 1211-1212 (9th Cir. 2002).

Additionally, pursuant to Local Rule CR 5(g)(2), the Court may seal a document filed in support of a non-dispositive motion upon a showing of good cause. Where the material sought to be sealed "includes information about proprietary business operations, a company's business model or agreements with clients, there are compelling reasons to seal the material because possible infringement of trade secrets outweighs the general public interest in understanding the judicial process." Selling Source, LLC v. Red River Ventures, LLC, 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 49664, 18 (D. Nev. Apr. 29, 2011).

Further, while the public generally enjoys a right to inspect and copy public records, "it is uncontested ... that the right to inspect and copy judicial records is not absolute. Every court has supervisory power over its own records and files, and access has been denied where court files might have become a vehicle for improper purposes." Nixon v. Warner Communications, Inc., 435 U.S. 589, 598, 98 S. Ct. 1306 (1978). As the Court recognized, one such "improper purpose" is where the commercial business information at issue is sought to be used as a MICROSOFT'S 10/4/12 MOTION TO FILE No. C10-1823 LAW OFFICES

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"source[] of business information that might harm a litigant's competitive standing." *Id*. (denying access to copies of tapes played at trial and noting that courts refused public access to their files where granting such access might "become a vehicle for improper purposes," including causing a litigant competitive harm). Good cause exists to grant Microsoft's motion to seal.

B. Good Cause Exists for Microsoft to File the Referenced Documents under Seal.

- 1. Exhibits to 10/4/12 Wion Declaration.
 - a. Exhibits 4-5, 9-11, and 15 Previously Have Been Sealed Pursuant to this Court's Orders.

Exhibits 4-5 previously were sealed pursuant to this Court's Order dated 9-13-12 (ECF No. 433). Similarly, Exhibits 9-11 and 15 were sealed pursuant to an Order dated 9-10-12 (ECF No. 419). In accordance with the Court's prior Orders, Microsoft is filing each of the foregoing Exhibits under seal.

b. Exhibit 1 – Kirk Dailey Deposition Transcript

Exhibit 1 is a copy of the transcript from the July 12, 2012 deposition of Motorola's Kirk Dailey. Motorola has designated the transcript as "Highly Confidential Attorney's Eyes Only." The transcript includes, among other things, extensive testimony regarding Motorola's confidential licensing arrangements with third parties and numerous references to documents that Motorola has designated as confidential under the terms of the Protective Order.

c. Exhibit 2 – Timothy Kowalski Deposition Transcript

Exhibit 2 is a copy of the transcript from the April 4, 2012 deposition of Motorola's Timothy Kowalski. The transcript includes, among other things, extensive testimony regarding Motorola's confidential licensing arrangements with third parties and numerous references to documents that Motorola has designated as confidential under the terms of the Protective Order. Although Motorola has not designated the transcript itself as confidential, in the event

that such failure was an oversight, Microsoft has taken the precaution of filing Exhibit 2 under seal to allow Motorola an opportunity to address such oversight.

d. Exhibit 3 – Expert Report of Richard Schmalensee

Exhibit 3 is a copy of the July 24, 2012 report of Motorola's expert Richard Schmalensee. Among other things, the report includes references to and descriptions of Motorola's confidential licensing arrangements with third parties. Motorola has designated the report as "Highly Confidential—Attorneys' Eyes Only" under the terms of the Protective Order.

e. Exhibit 6 – Michael Dansky's Deposition Transcript.

Exhibit 6 is a copy of the transcript from the September 5, 2012 deposition of Motorola's expert, Michael Dansky. Microsoft has been informed that Motorola intends to designate the transcript as confidential under the Protective Order. At his deposition, Mr. Dansky testified regarding the content of his opening and rebuttal expert reports, which were both designated by Motorola as "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" under the terms of the Protective Order. Mr. Dansky also was examined regarding opinions offered by another Motorola expert, Charles R. Donohoe, whose expert reports were likewise designated as "Attorneys' Eyes Only." Mr. Dansky's testimony and the expert reports referenced extensively throughout the course of his deposition disclose confidential and non-public financial and business information relating to both Microsoft and Motorola, and should be maintained under seal.

f. Exhibit 7 – Google License

Exhibit 7 is an AVC Patent Portfolio License agreement between Google, Inc. and MPEG LA that Motorola's parent, Google, Inc., has designated as "Confidential Financial Information – Outside Attorneys' Eyes Only – Subject to Protective Order."

g. Exhibit 8 – Allen Lo Deposition Transcript

Exhibit 8 is a copy of the transcript from the July 12, 2012 deposition of Allen Lo,
Deputy General Counsel for Patents and Patent Litigation at Google, Inc. Google has
designated the transcript as "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" under the terms of
the Protective Order.

h. Exhibit 12 – Non Disclosure Agreement between Motorola and Microsoft

Exhibit 12 is a copy of a Non Disclosure Agreement between Motorola and Microsoft that discloses the terms of the parties' confidential framework regarding settlement negotiations. Microsoft has designated the Agreement as "Confidential Business Information, Subject to Protective Order" under the terms of the Protective Order. Microsoft's interest in maintaining the confidential nature of the terms of the Non Disclosure Agreement outweighs any potential need for public access to such Agreement. The Agreement should remain sealed.

i. Exhibit 15 – Expert Report of Timothy Drabik

Exhibit 15 is a copy of the (corrected) report of Motorola's expert, Timothy Drabik, dated July 30, 2012. Motorola has designated the report as "Contains Confidential Business Information Subject to Protective Order." The report contains analysis of both parties' patented technologies that is based, in part, on Mr. Drabik's access to confidential materials and non-public information that has been produced by the parties in the context of this litigation subject to the confidentiality protections afforded by the Protective Order. The report includes extensive references to and descriptions of both parties' confidential business information. Disclosure of the report creates a risk of competitive harm to the parties that outweighs any legitimate need for public access. The report should remain sealed.

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j. <u>Exhibit 16 – Motorola's Supplemental Response to Microsoft's</u> Interrogatory No. 16

Exhibit 16 is a copy of Motorola's Supplemental Response to Microsoft's Interrogatory

No. 16, which Motorola has designated as "Contains Confidential Business Information,

Subject to Protective Order – Attorneys' Eyes Only."

2. <u>Microsoft's Motions in Limine Include References to Confidential Information</u> Contained in the Above-Referenced Exhibits, and Should Be Redacted

Microsoft's Motions *in Limine* includes references to and descriptions of the confidential information contained in the above-referenced exhibits to the 10/4/12 Wion Declaration. To the extent that the Court determines that those exhibits should remain filed under seal, Microsoft's Motions *in Limine* should be redacted to avoid disclosure of the confidential information contained in those exhibits. Microsoft is seeking to file under seal only those limited portions of its Motions *in Limine* that contain information that should be protected from public disclosure under the governing standards outlined above. While a complete and unredacted version of the Motions *in Limine* is being filed under seal, Microsoft is filing a redacted version as part of the public record.

3. <u>Microsoft's Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law Includes</u> <u>Confidential Information that Should Be Redacted</u>

Microsoft's Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law discloses information that has been designated by Microsoft, Motorola and/or third parties as confidential under the terms of the Protective Order, including, but not limited to confidential information contained in many of the Exhibits described above. Such information also includes information relating to the parties' confidential licensing arrangements with third parties, confidential financial information, and confidential business information relating to the parties' products, patents and proprietary technologies. Microsoft's Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law also discloses information that has been designated by third parties as confidential under the terms

1	of the Protective Order. Microsoft is seeking to file under seal only those limited portions of			
2	its Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law that contain information that should be			
3	protected from public disclosure under the governing standards outlined above. While a			
4	complete and unredacted version of Microsoft's Proposed Findings of Fact and Conclusions of			
5	Law is being filed under seal, Microsoft is filing a redacted version as part of the public record.			
6	III. <u>CONCLUSION</u>			
7	Microsoft has filed the above-referenced documents under seal in compliance with the			
8	terms of the Protective Order and the applicable Court rules. Nothing herein is intended as a			
9	waiver of Microsoft's right to contest Motorola's designation of material as Confidential			
10	Business Information in accordance with the terms of the Protective Order. Microsoft			
11	expressly reserves the right to do so as the circumstances warrant.			
12	A [Proposed] Order Granting Microsoft's 10/4/12 Motion to File Documents Under			
13	Seal has been submitted herewith.			
14	DATED this 4th day of October, 2012.			
15	CALFO HARRIGAN LEYH & EAKES LLP			
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17	By <u>s/ Arthur W. Harrigan, Jr.</u> Arthur W. Harrigan, Jr., WSBA #1751			
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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE		
2	I, Linda Bledsoe, swear under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of		
3	Washington to the following:		
4	1. I am over the age of 21 and not a party to this action.		
5	2. On the 4 th day of October, 2012, I caused the preceding document to be served		
6	on counsel of record in the following manner:		
7	Attorneys for Motorola Solutions, Inc., and Motorola Mobility, Inc.:		
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7		s/ Linda Bledsoe	
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